

Conforms to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Annex II, as amended by Commission Regulation (EU) 2020/878 - Switzerland

SAFETY DATA SHEET

SWAT Safewash Total

SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : SWAT Safewash Total
UFI : WJQC-S9A0-W00T-QTP6
Product code : 30005511

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses

Industrial cleaners.
Industrial applications, Professional applications.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

e-mail address of person responsible for this SDS : Europeanregulatory@macdermid.com

Supplier : Alpha Assembly Solutions Germany GmbH
Elisabeth-Selbert-Straße
40764
Langenfeld
Germany

Information contact : Tel. No.: +49 2173 8490 300
salesEU@AlphaAssembly.com

1.4 Emergency telephone number

National advisory body/Poison Centre

Telephone number : Tox Info Suisse, Tel. 145

Supplier

Telephone number : Carechem24: +44 1235 239670 (across Europe)
Hours of operation : 24/7

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Product definition : Mixture

Classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Skin Irrit. 2, H315
Eye Irrit. 2, H319
Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

The product is classified as hazardous according to Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 as amended.

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.

See Section 11 for more detailed information on health effects and symptoms.

2.2 Label elements

Hazard pictograms :



Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H412 - Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection.
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.
P264 - Wash thoroughly after handling.

Response : P362 + P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P302 + P352 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

Storage :

Disposal : P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazardous ingredients : 1-(1-methyl-2-propoxyethoxy)propan-2-ol

Supplemental label elements : EUH208 - Contains cineole. May produce an allergic reaction.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

Special packaging requirements

2.3 Other hazards

Product meets the criteria for PBT or vPvB according to Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006, Annex XIII : This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

Other hazards which do not result in classification : None known.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.2 Mixtures : Mixture

Product/ingredient name	Identifiers	%	Classification	Specific Conc. Limits, M-factors and ATEs	Type
1-(1-methyl-2-propoxyethoxy)propan-2-ol	EC: 249-949-4 CAS: 29911-27-1	≥50 - ≤75	Not classified.	-	[3]
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	EC: 204-709-8 CAS: 124-68-5 Index: 603-070-00-6	≥10 - ≤25	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	-	[1] [2]

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3-butoxypropan-2-ol	EC: 225-878-4 CAS: 5131-66-8 Index: 603-052-00-8	≤10	Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	Eye Irrit. 2, H319: C ≥ 20%	[1]
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	EC: 252-104-2 CAS: 34590-94-8	≤5	Not classified.	-	[2]
1-Propanol, 2-methyl-2-(methylamino)-	EC: 608-121-6 CAS: 27646-80-6	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319	ATE [Oral] = 500 mg/kg	[1]
benzotriazole	EC: 202-394-1 CAS: 95-14-7	≤3	Acute Tox. 4, H302 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411	ATE [Oral] = 560 mg/kg	[1]
cineole	EC: 207-431-5 CAS: 470-82-6	≤0.3	Flam. Liq. 3, H226 Skin Sens. 1B, H317 See Section 16 for the full text of the H statements declared above.	-	[1]

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment, are PBTs, vPvBs or Substances of equivalent concern, or have been assigned a workplace exposure limit and hence require reporting in this section.

Type

[1] Substance classified with a health or environmental hazard

[2] Substance with a workplace exposure limit

[3] Additional disclosure due to company policy

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

- Eye contact** : Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
- Inhalation** : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband. In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Skin contact** : Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
- Ingestion** : Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
- Protection of first-aiders** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness
- Inhalation** : No specific data.
- Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
- Ingestion** : No specific data.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

- Notes to physician** : In case of inhalation of decomposition products in a fire, symptoms may be delayed. The exposed person may need to be kept under medical surveillance for 48 hours.
- Specific treatments** : No specific treatment.

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

- Suitable extinguishing media** : Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
- Unsuitable extinguishing media** : None known.

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

- Hazards from the substance or mixture** : In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.
- Hazardous combustion products** : Decomposition products may include the following materials:
carbon dioxide
carbon monoxide
nitrogen oxides

5.3 Advice for firefighters

- Special protective actions for fire-fighters** : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
- Special protective equipment for fire-fighters** : Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.
- Additional information** : Not considered to be a product presenting a risk of explosion.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

- For non-emergency personnel** : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilt material. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

- For emergency responders** : If specialised clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
- 6.2 Environmental precautions** : Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities.
- 6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up**
- Small spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
- Large spill** : Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach the release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilt product.
- 6.4 Reference to other sections** : See Section 1 for emergency contact information.
See Section 8 for information on appropriate personal protective equipment.
See Section 13 for additional waste treatment information.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

- Protective measures** : Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapour or mist. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
- Advice on general occupational hygiene** : Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabelled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

- Recommendations** : No specific measures identified.
- Industrial sector specific solutions** : No specific measures identified.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. Information is provided based on typical anticipated uses of the product. Additional measures might be required for bulk handling or other uses that could significantly increase worker exposure or environmental releases.

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Product/ingredient name	Exposure limit values
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	SUVA (Switzerland, 3/2022). Absorbed through skin. STEL: 17.4 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: vapour and aerosols STEL: 4.8 ppm 15 minutes. Form: vapour and aerosols TWA: 8.7 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: vapour and aerosols TWA: 2.4 ppm 8 hours. Form: vapour and aerosols
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	SUVA (Switzerland, 3/2022). [Dipropylene glycol methyl ether (mixture of isomers)] STEL: 300 mg/m ³ 15 minutes. Form: vapour and aerosols STEL: 50 ppm 15 minutes. Form: vapour and aerosols TWA: 300 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: vapour and aerosols TWA: 50 ppm 8 hours. Form: vapour and aerosols

Recommended monitoring procedures : Reference should be made to monitoring standards, such as the following: European Standard EN 689 (Workplace atmospheres - Guidance for the assessment of exposure by inhalation to chemical agents for comparison with limit values and measurement strategy) European Standard EN 14042 (Workplace atmospheres - Guide for the application and use of procedures for the assessment of exposure to chemical and biological agents) European Standard EN 482 (Workplace atmospheres - General requirements for the performance of procedures for the measurement of chemical agents) Reference to national guidance documents for methods for the determination of hazardous substances will also be required.

DNELs/DMELs

Product/ingredient name	Type	Exposure	Value	Population	Effects
1-(1-methyl-2-propoxyethoxy)propan-2-ol	DNEL	Long term Oral	18 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	62 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	89 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	149 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	209 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.46 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.6 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	6.5 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	7.3 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	37 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
3-butoxypropan-2-ol	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	147 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	52 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	50 %	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	50 %	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	43 mg/m ³	General population [Consumers]	Systemic

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

	DNEL	Long term Dermal	22 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	50 %	General population [Consumers]	Local
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	50 %	General population [Consumers]	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population [Consumers]	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	12.5 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	22 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	43 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	52 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	147 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Short term Dermal	50 %	General population	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	50 %	General population	Local
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	DNEL	Short term Dermal	50 %	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	50 %	Workers	Local
	DNEL	Long term Oral	36 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	37.2 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	121 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	283 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	308 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
benzotriazole	DNEL	Short term Oral	0.12 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	0.12 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.12 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	0.24 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	2.1 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	4.2 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
cineole	DNEL	Long term Dermal	1 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	1.74 mg/m ³	General population	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Dermal	2 mg/kg bw/day	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Inhalation	7.05 mg/m ³	Workers	Systemic
	DNEL	Long term Oral	600 mg/kg bw/day	General population	Systemic

PNECs

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

Product/ingredient name	Compartment Detail	Value	Method Detail
3-butoxypropan-2-ol	Fresh water	525 µg/l	Assessment Factors
	Marine water	52 µg/l	Assessment Factors
	Sewage Treatment Plant	10 mg/l	Assessment Factors
benzotriazole	Fresh water sediment	2.36 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	236 µg/kg dwt	Assessment Factors
	Soil	0.16 mg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Fresh water	19 µg/l	Assessment Factors
	Marine water	19 µg/l	Assessment Factors
	Sewage Treatment Plant	100 µg/l	Assessment Factors
	Fresh water sediment	4 µg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Marine water sediment	4 µg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning
	Soil	3 µg/kg dwt	Equilibrium Partitioning

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If inhalation hazards exist, a full-face respirator may be required instead.
If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: Chemical splash goggles. Use eye protection according to EN 166.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Wear suitable gloves tested to EN374.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection : Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.
In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection: multi-gas/vapour filter (organic vapour filter (Type A)) Use respiratory protection according to EN 529.

Environmental exposure controls : Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

The conditions of measurement of all properties are at standard temperature and pressure unless otherwise indicated.

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance

- Physical state** : Liquid.
- Colour** : Colourless.
- Odour** : No specific data.
- Odour threshold** : Not tested
- Melting point/freezing point** : <-50°C
- Initial boiling point and boiling range** : >160°C (>320°F)
- Flammability** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- Lower and upper explosion limit** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- Flash point** : Closed cup: >61°C (>141.8°F) [Estimated.]
- Auto-ignition temperature** :

Ingredient name	°C	°F	Method
1-(1-methyl-2-propoxyethoxy)propan-2-ol	205	401	EU A.15

- Decomposition temperature** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- pH** : 11 [Conc. (% w/w): 100%]
- Viscosity** : Dynamic: 40 mPa·s
- Solubility(ies)** :

Media	Result
cold water	Soluble

- Solubility in water** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- Miscible with water** : Yes.
- Partition coefficient: n-octanol/ water** : Not applicable.
- Vapour pressure** :

Ingredient name	Vapour Pressure at 20°C			Vapour pressure at 50°C		
	mm Hg	kPa	Method	mm Hg	kPa	Method
3-butoxypropan-2-ol	1.05	0.14	OECD 104			

- Evaporation rate** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- Relative density** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- Density** : 0.93 g/cm³ [20°C (68°F)]
- Vapour density** : There are no data available on the mixture itself.
- Explosive properties** : Not considered to be a product presenting a risk of explosion.
- Oxidising properties** : Not applicable No oxidising ingredients present.
- Particle characteristics**
- Median particle size** : Not applicable.

9.2 Other information

- SAPT** : Not relevant/applicable due to nature of the product.
- VOC content** : 96.6 % (w/w)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

- 10.1 Reactivity** : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidising materials, acids and alkalis.
- 10.2 Chemical stability** : The product is stable.
- 10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.
- 10.4 Conditions to avoid** : No specific data.
- 10.5 Incompatible materials** : No specific data.
- 10.6 Hazardous decomposition products** : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	LD50 Oral	Rat	2900 mg/kg	-
3-butoxypropan-2-ol	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	3100 mg/kg	-
benzotriazole	LD50 Oral	Rat	560 mg/kg	-
cineole	LD50 Oral	Rat	2480 mg/kg	-

Conclusion/Summary : Not tested

Acute toxicity estimates

Product/ingredient name	Oral (mg/kg)	Dermal (mg/kg)	Inhalation (gases) (ppm)	Inhalation (vapours) (mg/l)	Inhalation (dusts and mists) (mg/l)
SWAT Safewash Total	15277.2	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	2900	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
3-butoxypropan-2-ol	N/A	3100	N/A	N/A	N/A
1-Propanol, 2-methyl-2-(methylamino)-	500	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
benzotriazole	560	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A
cineole	2480	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
(2-methoxymethylethoxy) propanol	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	500 mg	-
benzotriazole	Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Not tested

Eyes : Not tested

Respiratory : Not tested

Sensitisation

Conclusion/Summary

Skin : Not tested

Respiratory : Not tested

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not tested

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not tested

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not tested

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not tested

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on likely routes of exposure : Not tested

Potential acute health effects

- Eye contact** : Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact : Causes skin irritation.
Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

- Eye contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
pain or irritation
watering
redness
Inhalation : No specific data.
Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following:
irritation
redness
Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

Short term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

- Potential immediate effects** : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Not available.

- Conclusion/Summary** : Not available.
General : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Carcinogenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Mutagenicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Reproductive toxicity : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.2 Information on other hazards

11.2.1 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

11.2.2 Other information

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
3-butoxypropan-2-ol benzotriazole	LC50 560 to 1000 mg/l	Fish	96 hours
	Acute EC50 15.8 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia galeata</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 102 mg/l Fresh water	Crustaceans - <i>Ceriodaphnia dubia</i>	48 hours
	Acute LC50 65 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	96 hours
cineole	Chronic EC10 1.18 mg/l	Algae - <i>Desmodesmus subspicatus</i>	72 hours
	Chronic EC10 0.97 mg/l	Daphnia - <i>Daphnia galeata</i>	21 days
	Acute LC50 102 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - <i>Pimephales promelas</i>	96 hours

Conclusion/Summary : Ecological testing has not been conducted on this product.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Product/ingredient name	Aquatic half-life	Photolysis	Biodegradability
3-butoxypropan-2-ol benzotriazole	- -	- -	Readily Not readily

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogP _{ow}	BCF	Potential
1-(1-methyl-2-propoxyethoxy)propan-2-ol	0.88	-	Low
2-amino-2-methylpropanol	-0.63	320	Low
3-butoxypropan-2-ol	1.2	-	Low
(2-methoxymethylethoxy)propanol	0.004	-	Low
benzotriazole	1.44	-	Low
cineole	2.74	-	Low

12.4 Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (K_{oc}) : Not available.

Mobility : Dispersive/ Soluble in water.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

This mixture does not contain any substances that are assessed to be a PBT or a vPvB.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Not available.

12.7 Other adverse effects

SECTION 12: Ecological information

No known significant effects or critical hazards.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

The information in this section contains generic advice and guidance. The list of Identified Uses in Section 1 should be consulted for any available use-specific information provided in the Exposure Scenario(s).

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Product

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction.

Hazardous waste : The classification of the product may meet the criteria for a hazardous waste.

Packaging

Methods of disposal : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible.

Special precautions : This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilt material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
14.1 UN number or ID number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
14.2 UN proper shipping name	-	-	-
14.3 Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-
14.4 Packing group	-	-	-
14.5 Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

14.6 Special precautions for user : **Transport within user's premises:** always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments : Not applicable - not transported in bulk

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

EU Regulation (EC) No. 1907/2006 (REACH)

Annex XIV - List of substances subject to authorisation

Annex XIV

None of the components are listed.

Substances of very high concern

None of the components are listed.

Annex XVII - Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles : Not applicable.

Other EU regulations

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Air : Not listed

Industrial emissions (integrated pollution prevention and control) - Water : Not listed

Ozone depleting substances (1005/2009/EU)

Not listed.

National regulations

OVOC content : VOC (w/w): 10%

15.2 Chemical safety assessment : Chemical Safety Assessments for all substances in this product are either Complete or Not applicable.

SECTION 16: Other information

✔ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Abbreviations and acronyms : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate
CLP = Classification, Labelling and Packaging Regulation [Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008]
DMEL = Derived Minimal Effect Level
DNEL = Derived No Effect Level
EUH statement = CLP-specific Hazard statement
N/A = Not available
PBT = Persistent, Bioaccumulative and Toxic
PNEC = Predicted No Effect Concentration
RRN = REACH Registration Number
SGG = Segregation Group
vPvB = Very Persistent and Very Bioaccumulative

Procedure used to derive the classification according to Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008 [CLP/GHS]

Classification	Justification
Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2, H319 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412	Calculation method Calculation method Calculation method

Full text of abbreviated H statements

SECTION 16: Other information

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Full text of classifications [CLP/GHS]

Acute Tox. 4	ACUTE TOXICITY - Category 4
Aquatic Chronic 2	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	LONG-TERM (CHRONIC) AQUATIC HAZARD - Category 3
Eye Irrit. 2	SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE/EYE IRRITATION - Category 2
Flam. Liq. 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
Skin Irrit. 2	SKIN CORROSION/IRRITATION - Category 2
Skin Sens. 1B	SKIN SENSITISATION - Category 1B

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Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

MacDermid Alpha SDS CLP Europe

4.13.4.2